

Homework 3

due Tuesday, October 1, 2002, 12:01 AM

Turn in your source code for the first question (`interleaving.c`). Your answers to the other questions should be submitted as a plain text file `hw03.txt`, a postscript file `hw03.ps`, or a PDF file `hw03.pdf`.

- Write a C program that will list all possible orderings of the machine instructions generated for the critical sections of the Producer-Consumer example from class. Recall that the statements `counter++` and `counter--` actually generate machine code such as

Producer	Consumer
P_1 <code>R0 = counter;</code>	C_1 <code>R1 = counter;</code>
P_2 <code>R0 = R0 + 1;</code>	C_2 <code>R1 = R1 - 1;</code>
P_3 <code>counter = R0;</code>	C_3 <code>counter = R1;</code>

Your program should list all possible interleavings of the statements P_1 , P_2 , P_3 , C_1 , C_2 , and C_3 . Also have your program print which interleavings produce a correct result (that `counter` has the same value it started with).

Write your program in a file called `interleaving.c`. (8 points)

- Consider the Bakery Algorithm from class. Explain why the following is true:
If P_i is in its critical section, and P_k ($k \neq i$) has already chosen `number[k] \neq 0`, then `(number[i], i) < number[k], k`.
- This does not need to be a formal proof, just a convincing explanation. (3 points)
- Tanenbaum, Exercise 6, p. 153. (1 point)
 - Tanenbaum, Exercise 8, p. 153. (1 point)
 - Tanenbaum, Exercise 11, p. 154. (1 point)
 - Tanenbaum, Exercise 21, p. 154. (1 point)