

Mergesort Practice

Basic Idea

5	3	7	1	2	4	6	8
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5	3	7	1
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2	4	6	8
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Consider the MERGE algorithm on the front of the separate pseudocode sheet.

Suppose B and C contain the following values, so $p = 8$ and $q = 6$.

B	0	1	2	3	4	5
	11	33	44	66	88	99

C	0	1	2	3	4	5	6	7
	22	55	77	111	122	133	140	143

Show the contents of array A when the `while` loop has finished executing.

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Show the contents of array A after the `if-else` statement following the `while` loop has finished executing.

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Worst case, how many times is k incremented in the `while` loop?

Worst case, how many items are copied from C to A and from B to A after the `while` loop?

Based on your answers to the previous three questions, what is the Big O worst case running time of algorithm MERGE? Express your answer in terms of n , where $n = p + q$ is the size of array A .

Tracing through MERGESORT

5	3	7	1	2	4	6	8
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How many split steps will it take?

Then we will have _____ merge steps

Each merge step involves sub-arrays totaling in size to _____

At the level with k independent merges, each will merge into arrays of size _____ for a total of _____ operations

This suggests an overall complexity of _____

Analysis (assume $n = 2^k$):

Basic operation:

Recurrence:

$$C(n) =$$

Worst case?

$$C_{worst}(n) =$$

By the master theorem,

$$C_{worst}(n) \in \Theta(\quad)$$

Mergesort is *not* in place. Space overhead: $\Theta(\quad)$