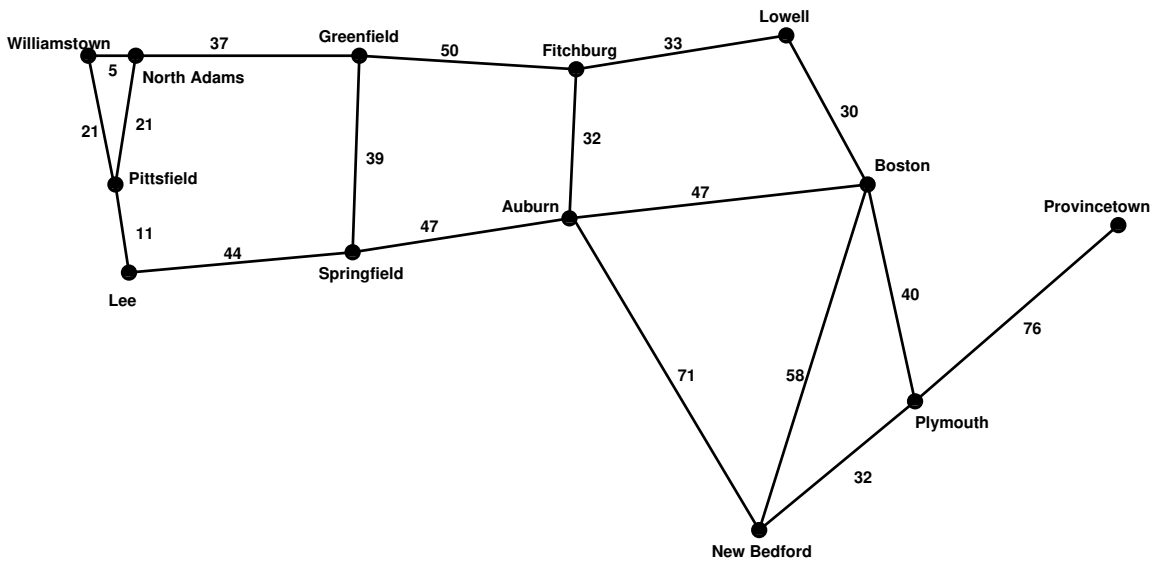


Topic Notes: Dijkstra's Algorithm Example

Pseudocode:

```
ALGORITHM DIJKSTRA( $G, s$ )
  //Input:  $G = (V, E)$  a graph with weighted edges
  //Input:  $s \in V$ , the starting vertex
   $T \leftarrow$  an empty map
   $PQ \leftarrow$  an empty priority queue
  // mark all vertices in  $V$  as unvisited
  for all  $v \in V$  do
     $v.visited \leftarrow$  false
  //  $s$  is found at distance 0
   $T.add(s, (0, null))$ 
   $s.visited \leftarrow$  true
  // add each edge from  $s$  to  $PQ$ 
  for all  $(s, v) \in E$  do
     $PQ.add((s, v), (s, v).cost)$ 
  // main loop
  while  $T.size < G.size$  and not  $PQ.empty$  do
    // remove edges from  $PQ$  until empty or we find one connecting
    // a visited vertex to an unvisited vertex
    repeat
       $(u, v) \leftarrow PQ.remove$ 
    until  $u.visited \neq v.visited$  or  $PQ.empty$ 
    // WLOG, assume  $u$  is visited (i.e., is in  $T$ ) and  $v$  is
    // unvisited (not in  $T$ ), meaning we found a way to  $v$ 
     $vcost \leftarrow T.get(v).cost + (u, v).cost$ 
     $T.add(v, (vcost, (u, v)))$ 
     $v.visited \leftarrow$  true
    // for each  $w$ , a vertex adjacent to  $v$ 
    for all  $(v, w) \in E$  do
      if  $w.visited =$  false then
         $PQ.add((v, w), vcost + (v, w).cost)$ 
  return  $T$ 
```

Graph to work with:



Result “tree”/table/map:

Place	(distance,last-edge)
W'town	(0, null)

Priority queue:

(distance,last-edge)	Seq	Added?